

Hollow Microspheres

LUXSIL® Cosmetic Microspheres

POTTERS IS A WORLD LEADER, WITH OVER 100 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN MANUFACTURING GLASS BEADS.

Luxurious Feel

The spheres offer a luxurious "feel" to personal care and cosmetics formulations. The spherical shape of the hollow microspheres reduces the formulation viscosity, and the spheres' "ball-bearing effect" provides more uniform coverage and easier application.

Transparent

 $\hbox{LUXSIL$^{\circledR}$ cosmetic microspheres appear as a fine white powder. However, when they are applied to the skin, they are transparent. When used in formulations, they leave$

SHAPE

DENSITY

COLOR

MEAN SIZE

INCI NAME

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Sphere

1.1 g/cc nominal

Calcium aluminum borosilicate

Low alkali leach, Insoluble in water

11.7 microns

>10,000 psi

behind no white residue.

Low Oil Absorption

Since LUXSIL® hollow microspheres are nonporous, they do not absorb resins or oils

Light Weight

With a density of 1.1 g/cc,

LUXSIL® cosmetic microspheres displace heavier bulking agents and are very economical to use.

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

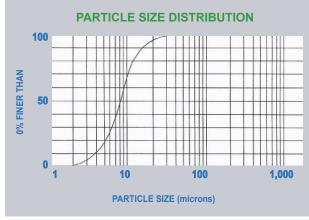
CRUSH STRENGTH

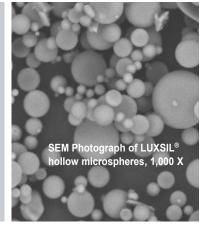
Improves Utilization

In many applications, addition of microspheres allows better utilization of expensive ingredients like pigments. The spheres break up agglomerates and provide more uniform distribution of individual particles within the formulation.

Made in the USA

LUXSIL® cosmetic microspheres are made in our USA facilities. They are now approved for most cosmetic uses in Japan.







Health and Safety Information

COMPOSITION

LUXSIL® cosmetic microspheres are fused amorphous borosilicates with inorganic oxides. No crystalline silica is present. **CTFA Name:** calcium aluminum borosilicate.

TOXICITY TESTING

Primary Skin Irritation: Classified as non-primary skin irritant when applied as received, moistened with distilled water. Protocol P270.

Acute Oral Toxicity: Single Dose Acute Oral LD_{50} is greater than 5000 mg/kg of body weight when administered as a 50% w/w suspension in distilled water. Protocol P274.

Primary Eye Irritation: Classified as practically non irritating to the eye, using 24 hour Maximum Mean Total Score of 1.3 (Kay and Calandra). Protocol P271.

(Testing completed by Product Safety Labs, East Brunswick, NJ, August 1994)

HEAVY METAL IMPURITIES

Lead <10 ppm Arsenic <2 ppm Mercury <1 ppm

(Monarch Analytical Labs, Toledo, OH)

BACTERIOLOGICAL TESTING

Standard Plate Count Negative, <10 col/g

Yeast <10 col/g
Mold <10 col/g
Gram Negative Bacteria Negative
Gram Positive Bacteria Negative

(Intech Biolabs, East Brunswick, NJ)

POTTERS ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENT

Potters respects the environment by the recycling of over one billion pounds of glass each year. Potters works closely with regulatory agencies and responsible customers around the world to ensure that we provide glass beads that don't harm employees, contaminate water supplies or land around roadways. We have set our own strict standards and voluntarily perform XRF analysis and other quality control procedures on incoming raw materials to ensure our glass beads are safe and meet heavy metals limitations.

CALL 1-800-55-BEADS FOR YOUR NEAREST DISTRIBUTOR www.pottersindustries.com

Potters Industries LLC ■ 3222 Phoenixville Pike, Suite 103 Malvern, PA 19355 ■ Tel: (445) 895-3200 ■

LUXSIL® is a registered trademark of Potters Industries LLC. The technical information and suggestions for use and applications presented herein represent the best information available to us and are believed to be reliable. They should not, however, be construed as controlling suggestions. Potters Industries LLC makes no warranties, either expressed or implied, with respect to our materials, including the warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. We urge that users of our materials conduct confirmatory tests to determine final suitability for their specific end uses.

® 2022 Potters Industries LLC. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form, or by any means electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publisher and copyright holder.